

ARIZONA DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC SECURITY



<b>WORKFORCE INNOVATION AND OPPORTUNITY ACT POLICY MANUAL</b>	<b>CHAPTER 2 – SECTION 1300</b>
<b>SUBJECT: Substantial Violation, Sanctions, Decertification and Reorganization</b>	

**1300 BACKGROUND AND PURPOSE**

This policy provides definitions and examples of a substantial violations under Title I of the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act and the actions which may be taken by the Department of Economic Security (DES) to address substantial violations by Local Workforce Development Boards (LWDBs), local subrecipients, fiscal agents, or contractors of a LWDB or local subrecipient/fiscal agent.

References: Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (WIOA) of 2014 ([P.L. 113-128](#)), [2 CFR part 200](#), 20 CFR [677.220](#), 20 CFR [677.225](#), 20 CFR [679.230](#), 20 CFR [679.240](#), 20 CFR [part 683](#), 20 CFR [683.410](#) and [683.650](#). [Title 6, Chapter 11 of the Arizona Administrative Code](#), Workforce Arizona Council, [Local Governance Policy \(#1\)](#).

**1301 SUBSTANTIAL VIOLATION**

A determination of a substantial violation occurs after a sanctionable act. A sanctionable act is a violation of federal, state, and local laws, regulations, contract provisions, grant agreements, or policies by a LWDB, local subrecipient and/or fiscal agent, or a contractor of the LWDB or local subrecipient and/or fiscal agent as determined by the United States Department of Labor (DOL) or any other federal agency on behalf of DOL, or from the Governor, DES, or any state agency on behalf of the Governor or DES. Such failures may occur during or after the program, grant, fiscal, contract, or calendar year. Routine findings during the regular monitoring process are not considered to be substantial violations. The following are examples of sanctionable acts which may lead to a determination of a substantial violation by DOL, the Governor, and/or DES:

- A. Failure of the LWDB to meet agreed upon adjusted levels of performance for two consecutive program years.
- B. Failure by the LWDB to submit a local plan or local plan modification as required by DES.

ARIZONA DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC SECURITY



<b>WORKFORCE INNOVATION AND OPPORTUNITY ACT POLICY MANUAL</b>	<b>CHAPTER 2 – SECTION 1300</b>
<b>SUBJECT: Substantial Violation, Sanctions, Decertification and Reorganization</b>	

- C. Failure by the local subrecipient and/or grant recipient to comply with 2 CFR part 200.
- D. Failure of the LWDB to carry out functions required in Section 107(d) of WIOA.
- E. Failure by the LWDB, local subrecipient and/or fiscal agent, or contractor of the LWDB or local subrecipient and/or fiscal agent, to address findings of noncompliance of applicable federal, state, or local laws, or contractor of the LWDB or local subrecipient and/or fiscal agent to resolve monitoring findings identified by DOL or DES.
- F. Incidents of fraud of a non-criminal nature, malfeasance, misapplication of funds, or other similar violations.

**1302 INFORMAL RESOLUTION**

Prior to issuing a formal notice of substantial violation, DES may work with the LWDB, the local subrecipient and/or fiscal agent, or contractor of the LWDB or local subrecipient and/or fiscal agent to resolve issues informally using one or more actions for informal resolution. Examples of such information resolutions efforts include:

- A. Training and technical assistance from DES for the LWDB, local grant subrecipient/fiscal agent, or contractor of the LWDB or local grant subrecipient/fiscal agent to resolve the violation.
- B. In matters regarding disallowed expenditures, agreement by the local grant subrecipient/fiscal to repay those expenditures found to be disallowed.
- C. Additional oversight by DES or the LWDB, local grant subrecipient, and/or fiscal agent to resolve the issue
- D. Other mitigation efforts agreed upon between DES and the LWDB, local grant subrecipient and/or fiscal agent.

ARIZONA DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC SECURITY



<b>WORKFORCE INNOVATION AND OPPORTUNITY ACT POLICY MANUAL</b>	<b>CHAPTER 2 – SECTION 1300</b>
<b>SUBJECT: Substantial Violation, Sanctions, Decertification and Reorganization</b>	

**1303 REQUIRED CORRECTIVE ACTION**

DES will require prompt corrective action to be taken for any determination of a substantial violation to ensure LWDB, local grant subrecipient, local fiscal agent, and contractor compliance with Title I of WIOA, Uniform Administrative Guidance, or state, and/or local laws, regulations, and policies.

**.01 Notice of Required Corrective Action**

- A. Upon a determination of a substantial violation, DES will issue a formal notice of required corrective action to the Chief Elected Official (CEO) of the Local Workforce Development Area (LWDA) with a copy to the Chair of the LWDB and the Workforce Arizona Council.
- B. The notice will include the following information:
  - 1. Substantial Violation - The specific provision(s) of Title I of WIOA, Uniform Administrative Guidance, or federal, state, and/or local laws, regulations, and policies that the LWDB, local subrecipient and/or fiscal agent, and/or a contractor of the LWDB or local subrecipient and/or fiscal agent, determined to be out of compliance.
  - 2. Required Corrective Action - The specific corrective action requested, timeline for completing the corrective action, and timeframe for submission of corrective action plan.
  - 3. Possible Sanctions for Noncompliance - A statement that failure to come into compliance may result in the imposition of sanctions as found in Section 1304 of this policy.

**.02 Appeal of Notice of Corrective Action**

- A. Any party who has received a notice of corrective action may submit an appeal to DES for a hearing within ten (10) days of the date of the notice of corrective action, pursuant to the Grievance, Complaint,

ARIZONA DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC SECURITY



<b>WORKFORCE INNOVATION AND OPPORTUNITY ACT POLICY MANUAL</b>	<b>CHAPTER 2 – SECTION 1300</b>
<b>SUBJECT: Substantial Violation, Sanctions, Decertification and Reorganization</b>	

and Appeal process found in [Section 1400 of the Policy and Procedure Manual](#).

- B. The DES Director must make a decision within 60 days of the date of the filing of the appeal of the notice of the corrective action.
- C. No action will be taken regarding the imposition of sanctions while the appeal is pending.
- D. During the time of the appeal, DES may continue to work with the LWDB, subrecipient, fiscal agent and/or contractor of the LWDB, grant recipient or fiscal agent to resolve the issues identified in the notice of corrective action.

**.03 Compliance with Corrective Action**

- A. The sanction process will stop if a party complies with all required actions within the time frames specified in the corrective action plan.
- B. DES will provide written notification to Chief Elected Official (CEO) of the Local Workforce Development Area (LWDA) with a copy to the Chair of the LWDB and the Workforce Arizona Council indicating resolution of the findings that were the subject of the corrective action plan.

**.04 Non-Compliance with Corrective Action**

- A. DES will provide written notification to the Chief Elected Official (CEO) of the LWDA, with a copy to the Chair of the LWDB and the Workforce Arizona Council, if there is a failure to comply with the requirements of the corrective action plan.
- B. DES and/or the Workforce Arizona Council may recommend the Governor impose a sanction as listed in Section 1304.
- C. If there is partial compliance, DES may recommend extending the time frame for the completing corrective action plan as an alternative to recommending the imposition of sanctions.

ARIZONA DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC SECURITY



<b>WORKFORCE INNOVATION AND OPPORTUNITY ACT POLICY MANUAL</b>	<b>CHAPTER 2 – SECTION 1300</b>
<b>SUBJECT: Substantial Violation, Sanctions, Decertification and Reorganization</b>	

**1304 SANCTIONS IMPOSITION**

**.01 Types of Sanctions**

The following non-exhaustive examples may be imposed, but do not supplant applicable civil and criminal actions under other pertinent federal, state, or local laws, regulations, policies, or terms and conditions of applicable awards and contracts.

- A. Requiring repayment of disallowed costs.
- B. Withholding requests for reimbursements.
- C. Terminating the Intergovernmental Agreement between DES and the local grant subrecipient or fiscal agent.
- D. Recapturing and reallocating funds.
- E. Determining the LWDB or local grant subrecipient or fiscal agent is not eligible for discretionary funds or receipt of a voluntary reallocation.
- F. Requiring submission of additional or more detailed financial or performance reports.
- G. Providing targeted technical assistance through virtual and/or on-site visits to the LWDB, and/or the subrecipient/fiscal agent, and/or the contractor of the LWDB or the subrecipient/fiscal agent.
- H. Requiring participation in technical and quality assurance activities.
- I. Revoking approval of all or part of the local plan affected.
- J. Imposing a reorganization plan, which may include:
  - 1. Decertifying the LWDB;

ARIZONA DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC SECURITY



<b>WORKFORCE INNOVATION AND OPPORTUNITY ACT POLICY MANUAL</b>	<b>CHAPTER 2 – SECTION 1300</b>
<b>SUBJECT: Substantial Violation, Sanctions, Decertification and Reorganization</b>	

2. Prohibiting the use of eligible providers;
  3. Selecting an alternative entity to administer the program in the local area.
  4. Designation of a new fiscal agent.
- K. Recommending the initiation of suspension or debarment proceedings.
- L. Imposing other remedies that may be legally available.

**.02 Level of Sanctions**

DES may recommend sanctions based on the following criteria as determined by DES given the totality of the circumstances surrounding the substantial violation and sanctionable act or acts:

- A. Severity, nature, duration, and extent;
- B. Previous occurrences of substantial violations and sanctionable acts;
- C. Efforts by the LWDB and/or subrecipient/fiscal agent, and/or contractor of the LWDB and or subrecipient/fiscal agent to prevent the occurrence of the sanctionable act, including efforts to:
  1. Obtain technical assistance, training, or other assistance from DES;
  2. Resolve monitoring findings; and
  3. Prevent potential substantial violations and sanctionable acts.

**1305 SANCTIONS PROCESS**

**.01 Determination of Sanction**

The Governor determines the sanction(s), after recommendation from DES, in consultation with the Workforce Arizona Council. The Workforce Arizona Council

ARIZONA DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC SECURITY



<b>WORKFORCE INNOVATION AND OPPORTUNITY ACT POLICY MANUAL</b>	<b>CHAPTER 2 – SECTION 1300</b>
<b>SUBJECT: Substantial Violation, Sanctions, Decertification and Reorganization</b>	

may also recommend imposition of a sanction based on Workforce Arizona Council policies.

**.02 Notice of Sanction - DES**

DES will issue a notice of the sanction to the Chief Elected Official (CEO) of the LWDA with a copy to the Chair of the LWDB. The notice will include the following:

- A. The substantial violation which prompted the sanction process.
- B. Any requirements for corrective action imposed by DES (including any efforts by DES to informally resolve the finding) and details of how the LWDB and/or local grant subrecipient/fiscal agent failed to comply with the corrective action plan.
- C. The specific sanction or sanctions imposed.
- D. The process to apply the imposition of the sanction.

**1306 APPEAL OF SANCTION**

**.01 Appeal of Sanctions Due to Failure to Meet Performance Levels**

- A. Appeal to the Governor:
  - 1. Any LWDB which is subject to a reorganization plan due to failure to meet local performance accountability measures may appeal to the Governor to rescind or revise the reorganization plan not later than 30 days after receiving such notice.
  - 2. The Governor must make a final decision within 30 days after receipt of the appeal.
- B. Appeal to the Secretary of Labor:

ARIZONA DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC SECURITY



<b>WORKFORCE INNOVATION AND OPPORTUNITY ACT POLICY MANUAL</b>	<b>CHAPTER 2 – SECTION 1300</b>
<b>SUBJECT: Substantial Violation, Sanctions, Decertification and Reorganization</b>	

1. The LWDB and CEO must jointly submit the appeal to the Secretary.
2. Appeals must be submitted to the Secretary by certified mail, return receipt requested, and addressed as follows:  
  
Secretary, U.S. Department of Labor  
  
200 Constitution Ave. NW  
  
Washington, DC 20210  
  
ATTN: ASET
3. A copy of the appeal must be simultaneously provided to the Governor and the Director of the Department of Economic Security.

C. The sanction becomes effective at the time the Governor issues a decision and remains effective unless the Secretary rescinds or revises the reorganization plan.

**.02 Appeal of Sanction to Revoke all or Part of Local Plan or to Impose Reorganization Plan**

- A. If the LWDA has been found to be in substantial violation of Title I and has received notice from DES, on behalf of the Governor that either all or part of the local plan will be revoked or that a reorganization will occur, the LWDB, local subrecipient/fiscal agent, and/or a contractor of the LWDB or subrecipient or fiscal agent may appeal the imposition of a sanction to the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Labor
- B. The appeal must be filed no later than 30 days after receipt of written notification of the intent to impose the sanction.
  1. Appeals must be submitted to the Secretary by certified mail, return receipt requested, and addressed as follows:

ARIZONA DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC SECURITY



<b>WORKFORCE INNOVATION AND OPPORTUNITY ACT POLICY MANUAL</b>	<b>CHAPTER 2 – SECTION 1300</b>
<b>SUBJECT: Substantial Violation, Sanctions, Decertification and Reorganization</b>	

Secretary, U.S. Department of Labor

200 Constitution Ave. NW

Washington, DC 20210

ATTN: ASET

2. A copy of the appeal must be simultaneously provided to the Governor and the Director of the Department of Economic Security.
- C. The Secretary will issue a decision within 45 days after receipt of the appeal and notify the State and the appellant in writing of the decision.
- D. Effective Date of Sanction:
  1. If there is no appeal, the sanction will be imposed 30 days after receipt of written notification of intent to impose the sanction.
  2. If the Secretary confirms the decision to impose the sanction, the sanction will be imposed on the date of the decision by the Secretary.

**03. Appeal of Other Sanctions**

LWDBs, and/or subrecipients/fiscal agents, and/or contractors of subrecipients/fiscal agents which are subject to a sanction which is not a revocation of the all part of the local plan or a reorganization may submit an appeal to DES, pursuant to the Grievance, Complaint, and Appeal process found in [Section 1400 of the Policy and Procedure Manual](#).

**1307 CONTINUITY OF SERVICES AFTER DECERTIFICATION**

- A. After imposition of the sanction to decertify the LWDB, DES may terminate the Intergovernmental Agreement with the subrecipient or fiscal agent if

ARIZONA DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC SECURITY



<b>WORKFORCE INNOVATION AND OPPORTUNITY ACT POLICY MANUAL</b>	<b>CHAPTER 2 – SECTION 1300</b>
<b>SUBJECT: Substantial Violation, Sanctions, Decertification and Reorganization</b>	

actions by the subrecipient/fiscal agent resulted in the substantial violation determination which led to the sanction.

- B. If DES terminates the Intergovernmental Agreement with the subrecipient or fiscal agent, the following may occur to ensure continuity of services in the impacted area:
  - 1. DES may require the CEO to designate a new fiscal agent; or
  - 2. DES may serve as the fiscal agent until a new grant recipient or fiscal agent is designated.
- C. DES, after consultation with the Workforce Arizona Council, will appoint an entity to act as the LWDB for the impacted geographic area until a new LWDB is formed by the CEO and certified by the Governor.

**1308 REORGANIZATION AND REDESIGNATION**

**.01 Reorganization Options**

- A. If the imposed sanction is decertification of the LWDB, the Governor must certify a new LWDB.
- B. DES, in consultation with the Workforce Arizona Council, will make reorganization recommendations to Governor, which may include one of the following scenarios:
  - 1. The geographic area of the LWDA will remain as is, but require the CEO(s) to appoint a new LWDB;
  - 2. Create multiple LWDA's of one or more units of general of government from the area that is the subject of decertification; and
  - 3. Reconfiguring the LWDA by merging the general units of local government into other LWDA's, creating one of more new LWDA's.

ARIZONA DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC SECURITY



<b>WORKFORCE INNOVATION AND OPPORTUNITY ACT POLICY MANUAL</b>	<b>CHAPTER 2 – SECTION 1300</b>
<b>SUBJECT: Substantial Violation, Sanctions, Decertification and Reorganization</b>	

**.02 Redesignation Requirements**

- A. The process for redesignation of any LWDA requires consultation with the following stakeholders:
  - 1. The Workforce Arizona Council;
  - 2. The CEO(s) in the affected geographic area(s); and
  - 3. Representatives from LWDB(s) in the affected geographic area(s).
  
- B. There must be an opportunity for public comment by all stakeholders, which include representatives from the following:
  - 1. The CEO(s) in the affected geographic area(s);
  - 2. LWDB(s) in the affected geographic area(s);
  - 3. Institutions of higher education;
  - 4. Labor organizations;
  - 5. Other primary stakeholders; and
  - 6. The general public.
  
- C. DES, in consultation with the Workforce Arizona Council, will recommend redesignation of LWDA's, which includes at a minimum, consideration of the following:
  - 1. Consistency with local labor market areas;
  - 2. Common economic development areas; and

ARIZONA DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC SECURITY



<b>WORKFORCE INNOVATION AND OPPORTUNITY ACT POLICY MANUAL</b>	<b>CHAPTER 2 – SECTION 1300</b>
<b>SUBJECT: Substantial Violation, Sanctions, Decertification and Reorganization</b>	

3. The availability of Federal and non-Federal resources, including appropriate training institutions, to administer activities under Title I, subtitle B of WIOA.

**.03 Requirements for Newly Designated Local Workforce Development Areas**

- A. Upon notice of designation by the Governor, the CEO(s) are required to establish the following agreements in accordance with Workforce Arizona Council, [Local Governance Policy \(#1\)](#):
  1. A CEO consortium agreement if there are multiple units of government.
  2. Bylaws for the new LWDB.
- B. Upon appointment of the new LWDB, the following is required by the CEO(s) and the LWDB:
  1. Develop and execute a Shared Governance Agreement, in accordance with Workforce Arizona Council, [Local Governance Policy \(#1\)](#); and
  2. Development of a Local Workforce Plan.
- C. The Governor, after consultation with DES and the Workforce Arizona Council, must certify the new LWDB, in accordance with Workforce Arizona Council, [Local Governance Policy \(#1\)](#).