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969 COLLABORATING WITH PEERS AND FAMILIES

EFFECTIVE DATE: **Month XX, 2024**
REFERENCES: AMPM 964

PURPOSE

This policy sets forth guidance for the Division of Developmental Disabilities (Division) when collaborating with Peers and Family Members of Division Members.

DEFINITIONS

1. “Adult’s Integrated System of Care” means for adult Members, the Division shall adhere to Nine Guiding Principles for Recovery-Oriented Adult Behavioral Health Services and Systems, that were developed to promote recovery in the adult behavioral health system; system development efforts, programs, service provision, and stakeholder collaboration shall be guided by these nine principles.
2. “Child and Family Team” or “CFT” means a defined group of individuals that includes, at a minimum, the child and their Family, or Health Care Decision Maker (HCDM), a behavioral health representative, and any individuals important in the child’s life who are identified and invited to participate by the

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24 child and Family. This may include teachers, extended Family
25 Members, friends, Family support partners, healthcare providers,
26 coaches and community resource providers, representatives
27 from churches, temples, synagogues, mosques, or other places
28 of worship/faith, agents from other service systems like the
29 Department of Child Safety (DCS) or the Department of
30 Economic Security/Division of Developmental Disabilities
31 (DES/DDD). The size, scope, and intensity of involvement of the
32 team Members are determined by the objectives established for
33 the child, the needs of the Family in providing for the child, and
34 by who is needed to develop an effective service plan and can
35 therefore expand and contract as necessary to be successful on
36 behalf of the child.

37 3. "Children's Integrated System of Care" means for child Members,
38 the Division shall ensure delivery of services in conformance with
39 Arizona Vision-12 Principles for Children Behavioral Health
40 Service Delivery and shall abide by AHCCCS Appointment
41 Standards specified in ACOM Policy 417.

42 4. "Credential" for purposes of this policy, means a written

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44 document issued by a Peer Support Employment Training
45 Program or "PSETP", or by a state, demonstrating compliance
46 with all qualifications and training requirements in this policy.
- 47 5. "Family Member" means:
- 48 a. For the adult system, an individual who has lived
49 experience as a primary natural support for an adult with
50 emotional, behavioral health and/or Substance Use
51 Disorders (SUD); and
- 52 b. For the children's system, a parent or primary caregiver
53 with lived experience who has raised or is currently raising
54 a child with emotional, behavioral health or a SUD.
- 55 6. "Family Run Organization" or "FRO" means Family-Operated
56 Services that are:
- 57 a. Independent and autonomous - Governed by a board of
58 directors of which 51% or more are Family Members who:
- 59 i. Have or had primary responsibility for the raising of
60 a child, youth, adolescent or young adult with an
61 emotional, behavioral, mental health or substance
62 use need, or

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64 ii. Have lived experience as a primary natural support
65 for an adult with emotional, behavioral, mental
66 health or substance use need, or
67 iii. An adult who had lived experience of being a child
68 with emotional, behavioral, mental health or
69 substance use needs.
- 70 b. Employs Credentialed Family Support Partner (CFSP)
71 whose primary responsibility is to provide parent/Family
72 support.
- 73 7. “Family Support Service” means home care training with Family
74 Member(s) directed toward restoration, enhancement, or
75 maintenance of the Family functions to increase the Family’s
76 ability to effectively interact and care for the individual in the
77 home and community.
- 78 8. “Health Care Delivery System” means the structure and
79 organization of covered services and Benefit Packages available
80 to Division’s Members. Delivery systems can be fully integrated,
81 all covered services administered by a single Division, or partially
82 integrated, Members enrolled with a Division may receive

- 83
84 covered services by multiple Divisions or via Fee-For-Service
85 (FFS) arrangements.
- 86 9. "Integrated System of Care" or "ISOC" means integrated physical
87 and behavioral health care within the AHCCCS health care
88 delivery system focused on ensuring appropriate, adequate, and
89 timely services for all persons across the lifespan, with a primary
90 focus on improving quality of life throughout all system
91 intersections and service interactions that individuals may
92 encounter.
- 93 10. "Member" means the same as "Client" as defined in A.R.S. §
94 36-551.
- 95 11. "Office of Individual and Family Affairs Alliance" or "OIFA" means
96 a collaborative of all Offices of Individual and Family Affairs in
97 Arizona, including AHCCCS OIFA.
- 98 12. "Peer" means an individual with lived experience of mental
99 health conditions, substance use, or other traumas resulting in
100 emotional distress and significant life disruption, for which they
101 have sought help or care, and has an experience of recovery to

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103 share.
- 104 13. "Peer-And-Recovery Support" means a distinct health care
105 practice involving intentional partnerships to provide social and
106 emotional support, based on shared experiences of living with
107 behavioral health disorders, Substance Use Disorders, or other
108 traumas associated with significant life disruption. This support is
109 coupled with specific, skill-based training, coaching, or assistance
110 to bring about social or personal change at the individual, Family,
111 or community level. These services can include a variety of
112 individualized and personal goals, including living preferences,
113 employment or educational goals and development of social
114 networks and interests.
- 115 14. "Peer-And-Recovery Support Specialist" or "PRSS" means an
116 individual trained, credentialed, and qualified to provide
117 Peer/recovery support services within the AHCCCS programs.
- 118 15. "Peer Run Organization" or "PRO" means Peer-Operated Services
119 that are:
- 120 a. Independent - Owned, administratively controlled, and
121 managed by Peers.

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- b. Autonomous - All decisions are made by the program.
- c. Accountable - Responsibility for decisions rests with the program.
- d. Peer – controlled - Governance board is at least 51% Peers.

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16. “Peer Support” means supports intended for enrolled Members or their families who require greater structure and intensity of services than those available through community-based recovery fellowship groups and who are not yet ready for independent access to community-based recovery groups.

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17. “Whole-Person Care” means a health care delivery system that addresses the full spectrum of an individual’s needs-medical, behavioral, socioeconomic, and beyond to encourage better health outcomes.

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POLICY

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A. PEER AND FAMILY INVOLVEMENT AND PARTICIPATION

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1. The Division shall embed the following principles of Peer and Family involvement in the design and implementation of an integrated health care service delivery system by:
 - a. Ensuring providers share the same mission to place the Member's whole health needs above all else;
 - b. Embedding Member and Family voice at all levels of the system;
 - c. Ensuring Members and Family Members have access to Peer Support and Family Support services through the utilization of Peer and Family Support Specialists;
 - d. Reporting PRSS and CFSP involvement in Service Delivery as specified in Section F, Attachment F3, Contractor Chart of Deliverables, referring to AMPM Policy 963 and AMPM Policy 964 for requirements regarding the provision of PRSS and CFSP within the AHCCCS program.
 - e. Embracing services delivered by individuals with lived experience by maximizing the use of PROs and FROs.
 2. The Division shall require the AdSSs to provide oversight of behavioral health providers with sites serving multiple Members

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156 to provide opportunities for Members and Family Members to
157 participate in decision-making, quality improvement, and
158 enhancement of customer service.

159 3. The Division's OIFA Bureau Chief or their designee shall monitor
160 AdSS oversight of Behavioral Health providers that have sites
161 serving multiple Members upon receipt of the semi-annual
162 Provider Case Management Customer Service and Quality
163 Improvement Report.

164 **B. COLLABORATION WITH PEERS AND FAMILY MEMBERS**

165 1. The Division's OIFA shall hold or attend meetings with a broad
166 spectrum of Peers, Family Members, and providers including
167 PROs and FROs, advocacy organizations, or any other person(s)
168 having an interest in participating in improving the system, at
169 least every six months for the purpose of:

- 170 a. Gathering input;
- 171 b. Identifying challenges and barriers;
- 172 c. Sharing information; and
- 173 d. Strategizing ways to improve or strengthen the service
174 delivery system.

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176 2. The Division's OIFA shall invite AHCCCS/OIFA to participate in
177 meetings with Peers and Family Members.

178 **C. COMMITTEES**

179 1. The Division's OIFA shall have interactive Peer and Family
180 Member participation on all Division committees, except for
181 those committees that pertain to issues of Member or provider
182 confidentiality, to provide input and feedback for
183 decision-making.

184 2. The Division's OIFA shall ensure each AdSS committee includes
185 two members who are not employed by the AdSS.

186 3. The Division's OIFA shall make every effort to include
187 representation of council members that reflect the populations
188 and communities served by the Division.

189 4. The Division's OIFA shall require each committee to work with
190 the Division's OIFA to include Peers and Family Members enrolled
191 with the Division, except for those committees that pertain to
192 issues of Member or provider confidentiality.

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194 5. The Division's OIFA shall submit a Roster of Peer and Family
195 Committee Members as specified in Section F, Attachment F3,
196 Contractor Chart of Deliverables.
- 197 6. The Division's OIFA shall ensure that the composition of the
198 Member committees is diverse and representative of the
199 Division's current Membership throughout the region with respect
200 to the Members' race, ethnic background, primary language,
201 age, and Medicaid eligibility category.
- 202 7. The Division shall participate in the following committees and
203 councils:
204 a. Governance councils;
205 b. ALTCS Advisory Council;
206 c. Member Advocacy Council (MAC); and
207 d. Other existing Councils and organizations as directed by
208 the Division.
- 209 8. The Division shall invite AHCCCS OIFA to participate in
210 committee, council, and organization meetings.

211 **D. PEER RUN ORGANIZATIONS AND FAMILY RUN ORGANIZATIONS**

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213 1. The Division shall contract through the AdSS with the PROs and
214 FROs, as specified in the AHCCCS Contract, in each of the
215 Division's awarded Geographic Service Areas (GSA).
216 2. The Division's OIFA shall ensure that providers are educated on
217 the role of the PROs and FROs and inform Members on the
218 availability of Peer support and Family support services at PROs
219 and FROs.
220 3. The Division shall ensure Members have access to Peer and
221 Family support services that assist with understanding how to
222 effectively utilize the service delivery system to access covered
223 benefits.

224 **SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION**

- 225 1. Child and Family Team and Recovery Teams do not fulfill the
226 requirement of providing ongoing Member and Family participation to
227 include opportunities for decision-making, quality improvement, and
228 enhancement of customer service.
229 2. Peer and Family involvement opportunities allow for Members to
230 participate in improving experiences and allow for changes to be made.
231 3. The AHCCCS/DCAIR, OIFA will review the proposed PRO or FRO and

232
233 determine if the provider meets the definition and criteria, as defined
234 in Section C, Definitions and www.SAMHSA.gov.

235 **ADULT SYSTEM OF CARE - NINE GUIDING PRINCIPLES**

236 The Adult System of Care (ASOC) is a continuum of coordinated community
237 and facility based services and supports for adults with, or at risk for,
238 behavioral health or substance use challenges. The ASOC is organized into a
239 comprehensive network to create opportunities that foster rehabilitation
240 addressing impairment, managing related symptoms, and improving health
241 outcomes by:

- 242 1. Building meaningful partnerships with members served.
- 243 2. Addressing the member's cultural and linguistic needs, and
- 244 3. Assisting the member in identifying and achieving personal and
245 recovery goals.

246 The following principles were developed to promote recovery in the adult
247 behavioral health system. System development efforts, programs, service
248 provision, and stakeholder collaboration shall be guided by these

249 **NINE GUIDING PRINCIPLES:**

- 250 1. RESPECT is the cornerstone. Meet the individual where they are
251 without judgment, with great patience and compassion.

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253 2. INDIVIDUALS IN RECOVERY CHOOSE SERVICES AND ARE INCLUDED
254 IN PROGRAM DECISIONS AND PROGRAM DEVELOPMENT EFFORTS An
255 individual in recovery has choice and a voice. Their self-determination
256 in driving services, program decisions, and program development is
257 made possible, in part, by the ongoing dynamics of education,
258 discussion, and evaluation, thus creating the “informed consumer” and
259 the broadest possible palette from which choice is made. Individuals in
260 recovery should be involved at every level of the system, from
261 administration to service delivery.
- 262 3. FOCUS ON INDIVIDUAL AS A WHOLE PERSON, WHILE INCLUDING
263 AND/OR DEVELOPING NATURAL SUPPORTS An individual in recovery is
264 held as nothing less than a whole being: capable, competent, and
265 respected for their opinions and choices. As such, focus is given to
266 empowering the greatest possible autonomy and the most natural and
267 well-rounded lifestyle. This includes access to and involvement in the
268 natural supports and social systems customary to an individual’s social
269 community.
- 270 4. EMPOWER INDIVIDUALS TAKING STEPS TOWARDS INDEPENDENCE
271 AND ALLOWING RISK TAKING WITHOUT FEAR OF FAILURE An

272 individual in recovery finds independence through exploration,
273 experimentation, evaluation, contemplation, and action. An
274 atmosphere is maintained whereby steps toward independence are
275 encouraged and reinforced in a setting where both security and risk are
276 valued as ingredients promoting growth.

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278 5. INTEGRATION, COLLABORATION, AND PARTICIPATION WITH THE
279 COMMUNITY OF ONE’S CHOICE An individual in recovery is a valued,
280 contributing member of society and, as such, is deserving of and
281 beneficial to the community. Such integration and participation
282 underscores one’s role as a vital part of the community, the community
283 dynamic being inextricable from the human experience. Community
284 service and volunteerism is valued.

285 6. PARTNERSHIP BETWEEN INDIVIDUALS, STAFF, AND FAMILY
286 MEMBERS/NATURAL SUPPORTS FOR SHARED DECISION MAKING WITH
287 A FOUNDATION OF TRUST An individual in recovery, as with any
288 member of a society, finds strength and support through partnerships.
289 Compassion-based alliances with a focus on recovery optimization
290 bolster self-confidence, expand understanding in all participants, and
291 lead to the creation of optimum protocols and outcomes.

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293 7. INDIVIDUALS IN RECOVERY DEFINE THEIR OWN SUCCESS An
294 individual in recovery – by their own declaration – discovers success, in
295 part, by quality of life outcomes, which may include an improved sense
296 of well-being, advanced integration into the community, and greater
297 self-determination. Individuals in recovery are the experts on
298 themselves, defining their own goals and desired outcomes.
- 299 8. STRENGTHS-BASED, FLEXIBLE, RESPONSIVE SERVICES REFLECTIVE
300 OF AN INDIVIDUAL’S CULTURAL PREFERENCES An individual in
301 recovery can expect and deserves flexible, timely, and responsive
302 services that are accessible, available, reliable, accountable, and
303 sensitive to cultural values and mores. An individual in recovery is the
304 source of his/her own strength and resiliency. Those who serve as
305 supports and facilitators identify, explore, and serve to optimize
306 demonstrated strengths in the individual as tools for generating greater
307 autonomy and effectiveness in life.
- 308 9. HOPE IS THE FOUNDATION FOR THE JOURNEY TOWARDS RECOVERY
309 An individual in recovery has the capacity for hope and thrives best in
310 associations that foster hope. Through hope, a future of possibility
311 enriches the life experience and creates the environment for

312 uncommon and unexpected positive outcomes to be made real. An
313 individual in recovery is held as boundless in potential and possibility.
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315 **ARIZONA VISION**

316 In collaboration with the child and family and others, Arizona will provide
317 accessible behavioral health services designed to aid children to achieve
318 success in school, live with their families, avoid delinquency, and become
319 stable and productive adults. Services will be tailored to the child and family
320 and provided in the most appropriate setting, in a timely fashion and in
321 accordance with best practices, while respecting the child's family's cultural
322 heritage.

323 **12 PRINCIPLES**

- 324 1. **COLLABORATION WITH THE CHILD AND FAMILY** Respect for and
325 active collaboration with the child and parents is the cornerstone to
326 achieving positive behavioral health outcomes. Parents and children
327 are treated as partners in the assessment process, and the planning,
328 delivery, and evaluation of behavioral health services, and their
329 preferences are taken seriously.
- 330 2. **FUNCTIONAL OUTCOMES** Behavioral health services are designed and
331 implemented to aid children to achieve success in school, live with their

- 332 families, avoid delinquency, and become stable and productive adults.
333
334 Implementation of the behavioral health services plan stabilizes the
335 child's condition and minimizes safety risks.
- 336 3. COLLABORATION WITH OTHERS When children have multi-agency,
337 multi-system involvement, a joint assessment is developed and a
338 jointly established behavioral health services plan is collaboratively
339 implemented. Client centered teams plan and deliver services. Each
340 child's team includes the child and parents and any foster parents, any
341 individual important in the child's life who is invited to participate by
342 the child or parents. The team also includes all other individuals
343 needed to develop an effective plan, including, as appropriate, the
344 child's teacher, DCS and/or DDD caseworker, and the child's probation
345 officer. The team:
- 346 a. Develops a common assessment of the child's and family's
347 strengths and needs,
 - 348 b. Develops an individualized service plan,
 - 349 c. Monitors implementation of the plan, and
 - 350 d. Makes adjustments in the plan if it is not succeeding.

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352 4. ACCESSIBLE SERVICES Children have access to a comprehensive
353 array of behavioral health services, sufficient to ensure that they
354 receive the treatment they need. Plans identify transportation the
355 parents and child need to access behavioral health services, and how
356 transportation assistance will be provided. Behavioral health services
357 are adapted or created when they are needed but not available.
- 358 5. BEST PRACTICES Competent individuals who are adequately trained
359 and supervised provide behavioral health services. They are delivered
360 in accordance with guidelines adopted by Arizona Department of Health
361 Services (ADHS) that incorporate evidence-based “best practice.”
362 Behavioral health service plans identify and appropriately address
363 behavioral symptoms that are reactions to death of a family member,
364 abuse or neglect, learning disorders, and other similar traumatic or
365 frightening circumstances, substance abuse problems, the specialized
366 behavioral health needs of children who are developmentally disabled,
367 maladaptive sexual behavior, including abusive conduct and risky
368 behavior, and the need for stability and the need to promote
369 permanency in class member’s lives, especially class members in foster
370 care. Behavioral Health Services are continuously evaluated and

- 371
372 modified if ineffective in achieving desired outcomes.
- 373 6. MOST APPROPRIATE SETTING Children are provided behavioral health
374 services in their home and community to the extent possible.
375 Behavioral health services are provided in the most integrated setting
376 appropriate to the child's needs. When provided in a residential
377 setting, the setting is the most integrated and most home-like setting
378 that is appropriate to the child's need.
- 379 7. TIMELINESS Children identified as needing behavioral health services
380 are assessed and served promptly.
- 381 8. SERVICES TAILORED TO THE CHILD AND FAMILY The unique
382 strengths and needs of children and their families dictate the type, mix,
383 and intensity of behavioral health services provided. Parents and
384 children are encouraged and assisted to articulate their own strengths
385 and needs, the goals they are seeking, and what services they think
386 are required to meet these goals.
- 387 9. STABILITY Behavioral health service plans strive to minimize multiple
388 placements. Service plans identify whether a class member is at risk
389 of experiencing a placement disruption and, if so, identify the steps to
390 be taken to minimize or eliminate the risk. Behavioral health service

391 plans anticipate crises that might develop and include specific
392 strategies and services that will be employed if a crisis develops. In
393 responding to crises, the behavioral health system uses all appropriate
394 behavioral health services to help the child remain at home, minimize
395 placement disruptions, and avoid the inappropriate use of the police
396 and criminal justice system. Behavioral health service plans anticipate
397 and appropriately plan for transitions in children's lives, including
398 transitions to new schools and new placements, and transitions to adult
399 services.
400

401 10. RESPECT FOR THE CHILD AND FAMILY'S UNIQUE CULTURAL HERITAGE

402 Behavioral health services are provided in a manner that respects the
403 cultural tradition and heritage of the child and family. Services are
404 provided in Spanish to children and parents whose primary language is
405 Spanish.

406 11. INDEPENDENCE Behavioral health services include support and
407 training for parents in meeting their child's behavioral health needs,
408 and support and training for children in self- management. Behavioral
409 health service plans identify parents' and children's need for training
410 and support to participate as partners in assessment process, and in

411 the planning, delivery, and evaluation of services, and provide that
412 such training and support, including transportation assistance, advance
413 discussions, and help with understanding written materials, will be
414 made available.

416 12. CONNECTION TO NATURAL SUPPORTS The behavioral health system
417 identifies and appropriately utilizes natural supports available from the
418 child and parents' own network of associates, including friends and
419 neighbors, and from community organizations, including service and
420 religious organizations.

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426 Signature of Chief Medical Officer: