The Arizona Long -Term Care Ombudsman Program is a *free and confidential* service. Contact your Area Agency on Aging for assistance.

Area Agency on Aging, Region One, Inc.

(602) 264-2255

Serving: Maricopa County

Pima Council on Aging

(520) 546-2007

Serving: Pima County

Northern Arizona Council of Governments

(877) 521-3500

Serving: Apache, Coconino, Navajo & Yavapai Counties

Western Arizona Council of Governments

(928) 217-7114

Serving: Yuma, La Paz, & Mohave Counties

Pinal-Gila Council for Senior Citizens

(520) 836-2758 or (800) 293-9393

Serving: Gila & Pinal Counties

SouthEastern Arizona Governments Organization

(520) 432-2528 ext. 206

Serving: Santa Cruz, Cochise, Graham, & Greenlee Counties

Navajo Nation-Division of Aging and Long-Term Care Support

(602) 542-6454

Serving: Navajo Nation

Inter Tribal Council of Arizona, Inc.

1(800) 591-9370

Serving: 21 Tribal Nations

Office of the State Long -Term Care Ombudsman

1789 W Jefferson Street/Mail Drop 6288 Phoenix, AZ 85007 (602) 542-6454 Itcop@azdes.gov

Other Helpful Resources

Adult Protective Services

To report abuse, neglect, and/or exploitation

(877) 767-2385 | www.azdes.gov

Arizona Department of Health Services

To report concerns about care and violations of federal and state licensing requirements

(602) 542-1025 | www.azdhs.gov

 Assisted Living Facilities and Adult Foster Care Homes

(602) 364-2639

Skilled Nursing Facilities

(602) 364-2690



Equal Opportunity Employer / Program • Auxiliary aids and services are available upon request to individuals with disabilities • To request this document in alternative format or for further information about this policy, contact the Division of Aging and Adult Services at 602-542-6454; TTY/TDD Services 7-1-1 • Disponible en español en línea o en la oficina local

AAA-1035A PAMENG (10-22)



Arizona Long -Term Care Ombudsman Program



Providing free and confidential services to residents of long-term care facilities to enhance their quality of life.



What is a Long -Term Care Ombudsman?

Long-Term Care Ombudsman is a specially trained advocate for residents of long-term care facilities, which include nursing homes, assisted living facilities, and adult foster care homes. They seek to improve the quality of life, care, and environment for long-term care residents and work to resolve problems individual residents face.

An Ombudsman handles a variety of complaints and is given the authority to receive, investigate, and assist in resolving complaints through federal and state law. They visit long-term care facilities routinely to talk with residents and to monitor the conditions in the facilities.



Who does the Long -Term Care Ombudsman represent?

First and foremost, the Ombudsman's responsibility is to represent the resident and assist at his or her direction. The Ombudsman must have resident consent:

- · Prior to investigating a complaint
- · When referring a complaint to another agency
- When sharing resident/complaint information with anyone

How can an Ombudsman help?

As an advocate, the Ombudsman can:

- Provide information and consultation about:
 - · Resident rights
 - · Provider and service options
 - · Public benefit programs
 - Regulations that apply to long-term care facilities
- Investigate and work to resolve individual complaints relating to:
 - · Quality of care or services
 - · Quality of life
 - Rights violations
 - Access to services
 - Service termination
 - · Discharge or eviction
 - · Public benefit programs
- Work with service providers to promote a culture of resident-directed living
- Identify systemic issues and advocate for change



Residents have the same rights as people who don't live in long-term care facilities. This includes the:

- · Right to self-determination
- Right to be treated with dignity, respect, and consideration
- Right to be free from the use of chemical and physical restraints
- Right to be free from abuse, neglect, and exploitation
- Right to participate in planning for care and treatment
- Right to participate in social and community activities at the facility and in the community
- · Right to know about services and financial charges
- Right to express grievances without fear of retaliation
- Right to privacy in:
 - · Written and telephone communications
 - Visits
 - · Financial and personal affairs
 - Medical care